

## ANGEL INVESTING: KEY TO US JOBS AND ECONOMIC HEALTH

#### What is an Angel Investor?

Angels are accredited investors who invest their own money in high-risk, high-growth early-stage enterprises that fuel our nation's job growth and economic health. Angel investors are the primary source of outside capital for promising startups and entrepreneurs – providing an estimated 90% of such outside funds.

*Every year angels invest about \$25 billion in more than 70,000 startups.* Angels and venture capitalists have invested roughly the same amount of money for many years, although angels invest in 15 times more businesses. An estimated 300,000 angels supported promising companies in every American state.

Angel investment differs from venture capital, but there are similarities in professionalism. Angels invest much earlier, usually at the startup stage and their own personal capital. VCs pool funds from mostly institutional investors and largely invest in companies that have entered a strong growth phase, frequently with the benefit of initial angel investment to establish viability.

While angels approach each deal with an expectation of success, investing in early-stage companies is highly risky. With a well-managed, diversified portfolio, data indicate angel investing can lead to 20+% return over time; however, angels lose some or all funding in more than half of all investments.\*

Many angels join formal angel groups to share expertise and pool their capital. There are about 400 groups in the US.

### **Companies First Funded By Angel Investors Include Household Names**

Google

facebook

amazon.com



Angel investing creates jobs. From 1980 to 2005, firms less than 5 years old accounted for ALL net job growth in the US.\* At the earliest stage, when neither banks nor venture capital will invest, angels are often the only source of equity for young businesses. Angel capital focuses on companies with potential to rapidly add hundreds of jobs, and achieve \$10 to \$50 million in sales within several years.

Mentorship by angels is often a critical success factor for early-stage companies. Funding is not the only investment angels make in startups: in addition, angel investors promote growth and success by introducing entrepreneurs to high-value potential customers and resources, counseling them during challenging times, and helping them gain credibility and market share. There are angels and angel groups in every state and region energetically working with startups to build and grow jobs in their communities and to help create wealth for entrepreneurs as well as potential returns for themselves.

Angels fuel innovation and competition. Seed capital provided by angels is vital to continued innovation and US leadership globally in technology, healthcare, telecom, energy and other job-generating growth sectors of the economy. Angel investing often makes the difference between a company remaining on the runway or soaring into flight.

## WHAT ANGEL INVESTORS NEED FROM CONGRESS

#### Angel Investing Plays a Vital Role in Our Nation's Economy

Congress has long supported and encouraged private sector activity that creates jobs and fosters innovation. Support of the angel investing ecosystem is critical to the success of these efforts. Angel investors provide most of the initial seed capital to new, high-growth enterprises. Angel investors take the most risk, with their own funds, as well as time and energy to help young companies grow, create jobs and succeed.

# Critical Issues Impacting the Angel Investing Community Today After Tax Reform, Improve Policies That Ensure Startups Can Access Capital

ACA supports the concept of simplifying the federal tax code, but believes it is important to continue policies that support investment in new businesses. Thanks to Congress for keeping the permanent 100% exemption of gains on investments in Qualified Small Business Stock, passed under the Protecting Americans from Tax Hikes Act of 2016, ("IRC Section 1202"). *This exemption has catalyzed investment in innovative startups and should be continued and also improved in two ways:* 

- Clarify which businesses qualify as QSBs by providing a simple tax form that can be given to investors.
- Since many angels invest in companies as LLCs that later convert to C Corporations, allow the time as LLCs to count toward the five year holding period.

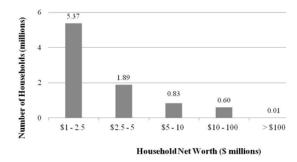
#### Create Safe Harbor for Startups for Net Operating Losses

High-growth startups raising equity capital often experience an ownership change that invokes Section 382 NOL limitations. ACA appreciates the need to prevent abusive loss trafficking, but believes startups experience unintended consequences. Exempting capital contributions from ownership change calculations for early-stage companies helps attract capital.

#### Accredited Investor Definition

Under Dodd-Frank, the SEC was required to review the accredited investor definition starting in 2014 and every 4 years thereafter. The current thresholds are \$200K in income or \$1M in net worth (excluding the value of primary residence). SEC staff published a report in December, 2014, noting a number of options for updates to the definition. *These thresholds should <u>not</u> be raised by inflation going backward.* Increasing them for inflation since 1982 (to \$450K income and \$2.5M net worth) would eliminate nearly 60% of eligible households, severely impacting the capital raising efforts of innovative small businesses, which in turn will result in fewer jobs and less growth. The SEC has not recommended such an increase recently, but has received many





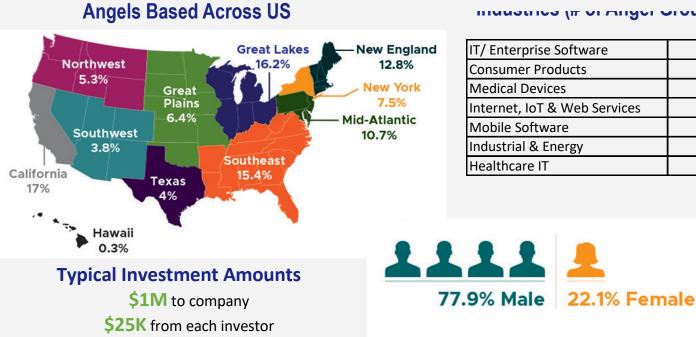
recommendations to do so. Angels need consistency and constancy in the definition to continue investing over time. Consideration should also be given to growing the pool of accredited investors by including individuals who are financially sophisticated by education or experience, implemented in a common sense way.

#### Exempt Demo Days from General Solicitation Rules

Congress should mandate the SEC to provide a clear definition of what constitutes "general solicitation." The JOBS Act mandated the SEC to allow exempt offerings to use general solicitation as long as all purchasers are accredited investors. Issuers using general solicitation must take "reasonable steps to verify" the accredited status of purchasers, requiring angels to share their wealth and income statements with others and therefore leading most angels away from companies that use general solicitation. Thousands of economic development agencies, universities and research organizations have held demo day events for decades without fraud. Entrepreneurs demo products and meet investors, customers and supporters at these events, providing practical education to other entrepreneurs. ACA believes demo days should be specifically exempted from the category of "general solicitation," so that young companies do not inadvertently violate this rule - Rule 506(c). The bi-partisan HALOS Act (HR 79) passed the House and ACA encourages the Senate to do the same via S 588.



## **ANGEL INVESTING STATISTICS**



#### industries (# of ranger Groups)

IT/ Enterprise Software	64%
Consumer Products	52%
Medical Devices	41%
Internet, IoT & Web Services	38%
Mobile Software	28%
Industrial & Energy	25%
Healthcare IT	25%

#### ANGEL CAPITAL ASSOCIATION

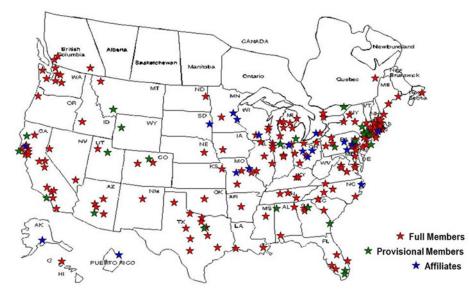
ACA is the country's leading professional and trade association supporting the success of angel investors in highgrowth, early-stage ventures. ACA provides professional development, sharing of best practices, industry voice, public policy advocacy and an array of benefits and resources to its membership of more than 13,000 individual accredited investors in all 50 states and Washington, DC.

www.angelcapitalassociation.org

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#### ACA MEMBERS ARE IN EVERY STATE— Providing Capital for Economic Growth



ACA members are individual angels, members of angel groups, family offices, and management of online platforms for accredited investors. This map shows only ACA's organizational members by state

